Equipment Considerations for Tactical Athletes: Implications for Prevention and Rehabilitation

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The views expressed in these slides and the today's discussion are ours (K. Games and Z. Winkelmann)

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Objectives

Explain the various Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) requirements of tactical athletes

Explain how these PPE requirements decrease the mobility, movement quality, and balance in tactical athletes

Describe how prevention and rehabilitation programming can be modified to improve outcomes in tactical athletes and potentially reduce musculoskeletal injury risk due to slip, trips, falls, and jumps





"Individuals in service professions (eg, military, firefighters, law enforcement, and emergency responders) who typically have significant physical fitness and performance requirements associated with their work."

"...these individuals face stressful, rigorous, and demanding challenges, often under life-threatening conditions, while carrying heavy gear and equipment."

Sefton and Burkhardt, 2016





Diverse group of professionals and volunteers

- Most (54%) of firefighters are between 30-49 years of age
- 60% of enlisted military members are between 18-30 years of age
- Average age of law enforcement professional 39.3 years

NIOSH 2015





Most face the same health issues as our population

- Over 70% of all firefighters are obese or overweight
- 80% of United States law enforcement officers are obese or overweight
- 8% of military members are overweight or obese (up from 1.6% in 2001)
- Many do not get regular physical activity

CDC, 2014; FBI, 2014



No consistent physical fitness standards



and Continuing Education Research Laboratory

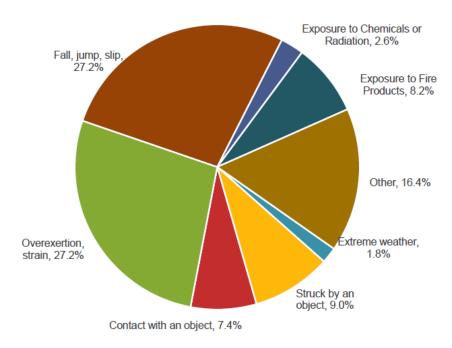
Common Injuries and Illnesses – Fire Service

43% of injuries occur at fireground

- All others are considered non-fireground
 - Training, non-fire emergency, transit, etc

Sprains, Strains, Muscular Pain Lower Extremity and Spine

Fireground Injury by Cause



NFPA 2015





Common Injuries and Illnesses — Law Enforcement

Abrasions, Sprains, Strains, Muscular Pain Repetitive Motion Activities Assault on Officer Upper Extremity and Spine









Common Injuries and Illnesses – Military

Military (United States Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps)

- Sprains and strains account for 48% of all outpatient visits
- Lower extremity fractures most frequent acute injury resulting in hospitalization
- Most injuries occur in the lower extremity
- Injuries due to overuse account for a large majority
 - Pain, inflammation, and stress fractures
 - Overuse injuries alone accounted for 7,283,404 days of limited duty in 2004
 - Average days of limited duty = 14-16 per injury

DoD 2006





Role of Personal Protective Equipment

Protect the individual

- Physical injury (abrasions, burns, gunshots)
- Chemical injury (smoke, other hazardous chemicals)
- Environmental injury (heat, cold)

Enhance the individual

- Load (amount they can carry)
- Vision (night vision or thermal imaging)

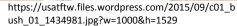
And it works really well! ...but are there unintended injuries created?





PPE Examples







https://cdn-images-1.medium.com/max/313/0*FuZdUDCdwcCyZCRE.jpg



PPE Example Fire









Comparison Between Fire and Football







What Do Firefighters Do?





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Effects of PPE on MQ, Balance, Mobility



Mobility (in line lunge, step over test)



Balance (unilateral stance/reach distance)



Vertical Jump Height



Triple Hop Distance







Considerations in Testing











Athletic Training and Tactical Athletes







Modifying Activities









Education







Promoting Healthy Living: Assessing More Effects





Wrap-up

Tactical Athletes are a diverse group

PPE is required, but may have negative effects on functional movement

Athletic Trainers can play a critical role in injury prevention and education to reduce incidence of injury

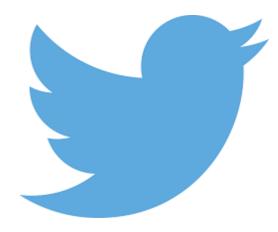




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Thank You! Questions?





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