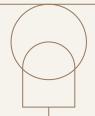
# I WANT TO START A GROUP

A Step-By-Step Guide for Designing and Implementing Your Own Group Therapy Program for Children and Adolescents





# Director, Dr. Deborah Pontillo, Ph.D

Director of SDKF (est. 2005) & San Diego Behavior Solutions (est 2021)

Child and Adolescent Clinical Psychologist Development, Behavior, and Learning Specialist Voluntary Assistant Clinical Professor, Dept. of Psychiatry, School of Medicine, UCSD

Site/Clinical Supervisor at Alliant International University Clinical Supervisor for Alliant Educational



## Our SDKF Team

Clinical Psychologists
LMFTs

Behavior Interventionists (BCBAs)

Educational Psychology (M.Ed.) specialists

**Educational Therapist** 

Doctoral (Psy.D.) Interns, Alliant University

Social/Emotional Learning (SEL) Curriculum Specialists



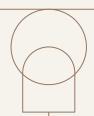




## More About SDKF...

Developmental Screens and Evaluations
Teacher Trainings/Professional
Development
Psychotherapy for Kids, Teens, and Families
In-Home Behavior intervention, Inclusion
Support, and ERP for OCD
Learning Disability Assessment and
Academic Interventions
Parent Coaching and Education





#### Our Group Services

Social Skills Groups
Social Pairings
ADHD Group
Postpartum Support Group
Mentorship program
Ready, Set, Kindergarten
Social Anxiety Group
ASD Parent Support Group
ASD Parent Buddy Program



#### My Goals Today!

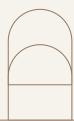
#### **GUIDE**

- I. To provide you a **Step-By-Step** guide on how to bring your passion and unique clinical expertise from the individual to a group format so you can start a group of your own
- II. To show you how to adapt your individual therapeutic modalities to groups (e.g. CBT, DBT, skills-based, etc.)

#### **PROVIDE**

- Provide you a list of workbooks, etc to use for your groups
- II. If there's time, a few examples at the end

Please insert your Questions into the Text Box- I will answer at the end! Questions are welcome on any topic, population, etc!



## Just because you don't feel CONFIDENT, doesn't mean you aren't COMPETENT!

REMEMBER - the relationships the kids/teens/ parents/clients make in group is often the biggest benefit!

- I. Even if you feel you don't have the expertise (yet!) to run a group, just the group format itself is therapeutic!
- II. Kids/teens/parents often make connections and create relationships /support networks outside of group
- III. Parents and children often report feeling that they aren't the only one with a certain challenge or problem

IV. There is no failed attempt!



A 5 Step Guide for Starting your own Group!

#### Step 1:

#### **Choose Your Group**

Focus/Presenting Problems and Age Range

Try to keep age ranges to relatable developmental levels (e.g. 13-17 years is too broad; 12-14, and 15-17 makes more sense developmentally.)

#### Limit Your Scope

Try to limit your scope so it isn't too broad, and group members can have shared goals. Too narrow means not enough group members!
(e.g. Social Anxiety;
Depression/Dysthymia? Social skills? Emotional Regulation skills? Eating/Body Dysmorphia?)

#### Your Expertise

Start in a clinical area where you feel COMPETENT in an individual therapy context.





#### Step 2: Continued...

- l. What behaviors would detract from your group? E.g. defiance, eloping, continually off-task, etc.
- II. What diagnoses may not lend itself to relate to the groups (e.g. our Teen ASD Support group vs. our typical Teen Process Group Social communication, self awareness, insight and perspective taking was different, so we made two different groups)
- III. Any diagnoses you feel less competent in handling in a group format? (e.g. recent suicide attempts, ongoing/current self-harm, Borderline/Cluster B patients).
- IV. Any traits or qualities you feel would be difficult in group? Resistance to feedback? Anger outbursts? Socially avoidant/may not come?



## Step 3: Choose your Structure

- I. More open-ended? Support Group/Process Group
- II. Skills -based? Curriculum eg. zones of regulation?
- Psychoeducational? Parenting pick a topic for each group; present and/or Q and A
- For a children's group How will you structure parent communication/feedback? Parent session (s); feedback forms, etc.
- V. Length of group 60 90 mins usually ok!



#### Step 4: Choose your Format/Content

#### **MODALITY**

- -CBT?
- -DBT?
- -Group Process Therapy
- -Other therapeutic modality?
- -How do you want to introduce an activity/topic?

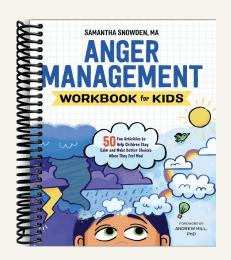
#### **EXAMPLES**

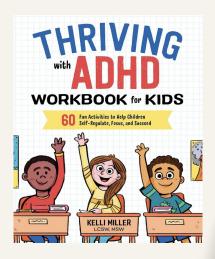
Examples: 1 - 2 CBT worksheets; An Activity with a Desired Goal per session (e.g. turn-taking, good sportsmanship); 5 insight-oriented questions - have each teen choose to answer one)

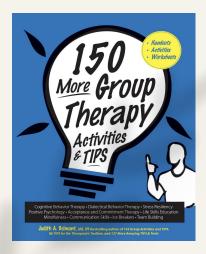


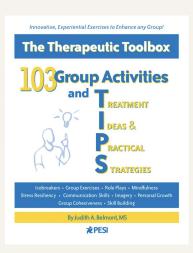


#### Resources to Utilize for Groups









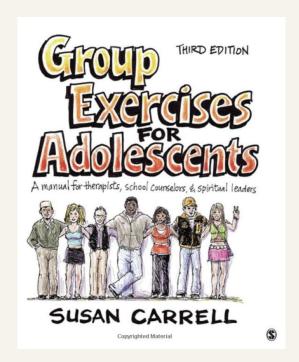
#### LEARNING ACT for GROUP TREATMENT

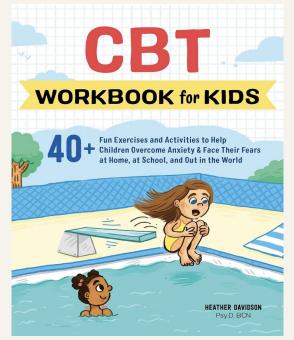
AN ACCEPTANCE and COMMITMENT THERAPY SKILLS TRAINING MANUAL for THERAPISTS



Includes downloadable bonus WORKSHEETS, EXPERIENTIAL EXERCISES, and MEDITATION SCRIPTS to help clinicians apply the ACT core processes to group settings

DARRAH WESTRUP, PHD | M. JOANN WRIGHT, PHD





# San Diego Kids First Group Examples

#### Our Social Skills Groups - GOALS

#### Social Communication

Turn-taking, not interrupting, sharing thoughts/feelings, listening skills

#### Self-Regulation

Learning to identify feelings in self or others, learning to communicate and self-manage

#### Perspective Taking

Understanding how others in the group think/ feel and 'why' (social reasoning)

#### Self-Awareness

How am I doing? Am I meeting my own goals for behavior?

#### Flexibility

Changing the rules, playing a different way, collaboration, taking direction, switching gears, transitions





#### Our Social Skills Groups Format:

One Goal per session (although any skill seen is reinforced)

90 minutes for older children; 60 minutes for younger children

- 1. Greetings
- 2. Talk about the goal with the kids to ensure understanding
- 3. Review the Rules
- 4. Play a game/activity to reinforce the skills
- 5. Reinforce all skills observed
- 6. How did I do? (encourage at least 2 positives for every 'negative' self-reflection.
- 7. Compliment a friend/Conclude on a positive note!



## Our ADHD group - Modality: The Zones of Regulation

We use this tool across many of our groups, and adapt for all ages:

- I. Feelings are associated with colors on a scale
- II. Children learn to identify the 'middle ground' usually starting with themselves, before they apply to others
  - III. Helps with the 0-60 phenomenon (self-regulation
    - IV. Helps with communicating feelings to others
  - V. Helps with social motivation I care what others feel, sometimes I just don't know unless it's pointed out to me
    - VI. Helps with self-awareness "I get frustrated when', 'i can feel better by....'





### Thank You!

Deborah Pontillo Ph.D.

Director, San Diego Kids First & San Diego Behavior Solutions www.sdkidsfirst.com 858-692-4187 contact@sdkidsfirst.com