

In touch with the Cycladic Civilization

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The **Museum of Cycladic Art** was founded in 1986 in order to host the archeological collection of Nikolaos and Aikaterini (Dolly) Goulandris with works of Cycladic and Ancient Greek Art.

Currently, the collections are organized in four thematic units. The presentation of the collections is setup in contemporary style, with the use of interactive media in the permanent collections (which are accessible by people with hearing loss while the 1st floor is accessible by people with hearing loss and people with blindness):

- 1. Cycladic Culture (1st floor)
- 2. Ancient Greek Art A Story with Images (2nd floor)
- 3. Cyprus Ancient Art and Culture (3rd floor)
- 4. Scenes of Everyday Life in Antiquity (4th floor)













Main Entrance 4 Neophytou Douka Str.

Entrance via the Stathatos Mansion, Vassilissis Sofias ave. and 1, Irodotou Str.



The Department of Educational and Community Programs of the Museum of Cycladic Art operates since 1986, the year that the Museum opened. Its activities and programs are addressed to children, academic professionals, university students, families.





SCHOOLS

Educational programs and tours to schools of Primary and Secondary Education



The programs are inspired by the Museum's permanent collections as well as the temporary archaeological and contemporary art exhibitions that are implemented throughout the year at the premises of the Museum. The subjects and main activities of the programs are directly related to the schools' curriculum. Approximately **10.000 school students** participate in these programs every year, who visit the Museum in different groups and hours of the day.





FAMILIES

Weekend workshops for families



Every weekend, starting in October until May, the museum welcomes children accompanied by their parents into the amusing world of the Museum, through fairy tale narration, interactive tours, artistic workshops, theatre, photography and music.

Every year approximately **3.500 children** participate in these workshops.





ADDRESSED TO: | children 2 – 12 years old | families

COMMUNITY PROGRAMS

The Museum has made a serious commitment to public engagement and implements programs addressed to vulnerable social groups:

- Special education schools and people with disabilities
- Refugees, and children that come from different countries and ethnic groups







The Department has participated as partner in the EU-funded projects on the right:

Erasmus+

Bridging the Gap between Museums and Individuals with Visual Impairments (2014-2017)



Erasmus+

Towards a Multisensory and Inclusive Museum for Individuals with Sensory Disabilities (2019-2021)



Creative Europe

Museums of Impact (2019-2022)



MUSEUMS OF IMPACT

Creative Europe

Foodprint
The Mediterranean Diet Revisited (2020-2022)



Horizon 2020

ReInHerit (2021-2023)





Bridging the Gap between Museums and Individuals with Visual Impairments (2014-2017)

Towards a Multisensory and Inclusive Museum for Individuals with Sensory Disabilities (2019-2021)











Museums of Impact (2019-2022)



Foodprint
The Mediterranean Diet Revisited (2020-2022)



Museums of Impact: The MOI project focuses on the creation of an evaluation framework through a self-evaluation model for European Museums with impact at its core. The evaluation framework is available through NEMO's website: https://www.ne-mo.org/about-us/resources/moi-self-evaluation-tool.html

Foodprint: The project explores why the Mediterranean Diet is relevant to us today, and how it's the healthiest diet for both our body and the planet. This is expressed through the work of five European photographers and accompanied by texts that explore the themes of sustainability, landscape, health, cooking, sharing, gathering and farming.





Horizon 2020



ReInHerit (2021-2023)



ReInHerit is an Horizon2020 project that aspires to disrupt the current status quo of communication, collaboration and innovation exchange between museums and cultural heritage sites, in a sense that it will connect cultural heritage collections and sites, and present Europe's tangible and intangible heritage to citizens and tourists in their wider historical and geographical contexts. This will happen through the project's <u>digital hub</u>, smart apps and exhibitions.





Museum of Cycladic Art

Accessibility and Inclusion

In touch with the Cycladic Civilization





Museums are committed to expand the scope of their community engagement by creating series of educational activities inside and outside the Museum targeted to vulnerable social groups. Museums have to respond to the social demands for equal access to cultural goods and make efforts to be accessible and inclusive for all.

Over the last 10 years the Museum of Cycladic Art focused on finding ways to address and support visitors with sensory disabilities. Inclusive educational activities were developed and implemented by the Museum for children and adults with visual impairment and children and adults who are deaf and hard of hearing.



In this way the Museum managed to increase accessibility and available programs which supported inclusion.





Erasmus +

Bridging the Gap between Museums and Individuals with Visual Impairments (2014-2017)

Collaboration:

<u>University of Thessaly - Department of Special Education and</u>

Museum of Cycladic Art - Department of Educational & Community Programs
The aim of the program was to bridge the gap between museums and people
with visual impairment or blindness. Museums and Universities from various
countries (Romania, Bulgaria, Hungary and Greece) participated. The Universities
had undertaken the research and the recording of the needs, as well as the
organization and implementation of educational lectures and experiential
seminars for the staff of the museums that participated in the program.





The museums in turn undertook to design activities according to the principles of inclusion which requires the institutions to design for all social groups without exception.

Creation of a museum kit that would act as the basis for a series of multisensory activities and information about the Ancient Cycladic Civilization, 3rd millennium BC, in general, and more specifically the marble figurines with direct and indirect references for the Cyclades and their history.











The multisensory museum kit













THE CONCEPT

A multisensory museum kit that represents

- the marble figurines of the Museum Cycladic collection and
- the associated geographical/historical background











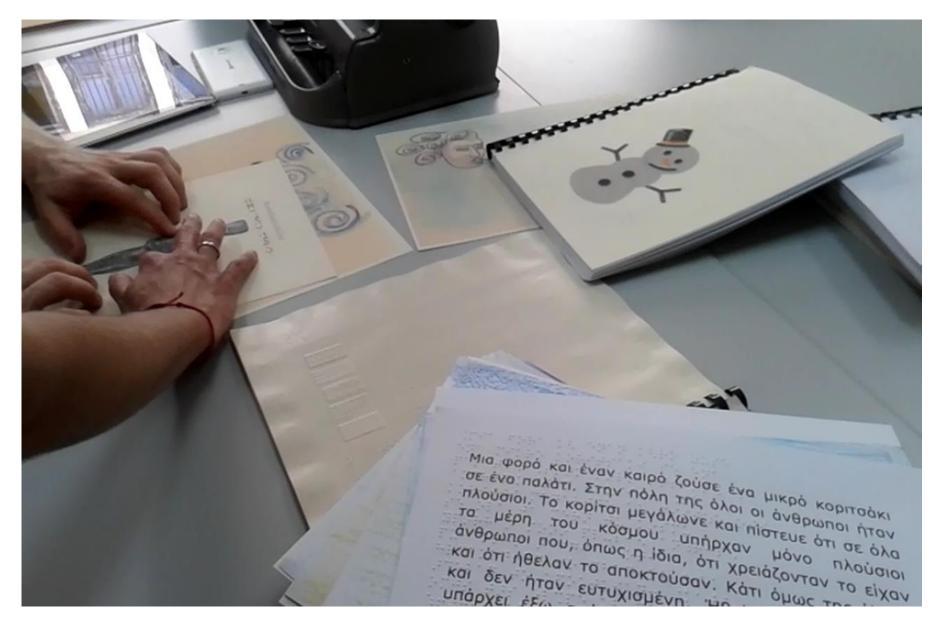
The first visit of the School for the Blind at the MCA







First visit of the MCA at the School for the Blind







First visit of the MCA at the School for the Blind

Contents of the museum kit

- A marble figurine of the folded arm type
- An embroidered map of the Cyclades
- The tactile water map
- A puzzle consisting of broken parts of different figurines.
- Pieces of foam
- Tactile book
- Tutorial video











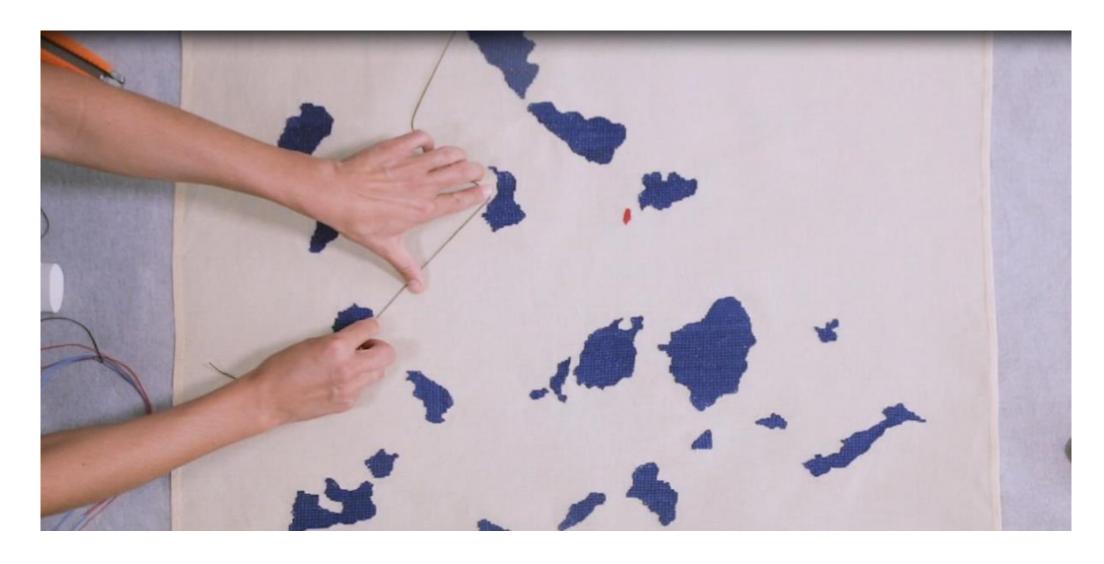
Marble Cycladic figurine







A tactile map of the Cyclades







Creating sea routes

cinnabar emery obsidian Pumice stone marble

The tactile water map

















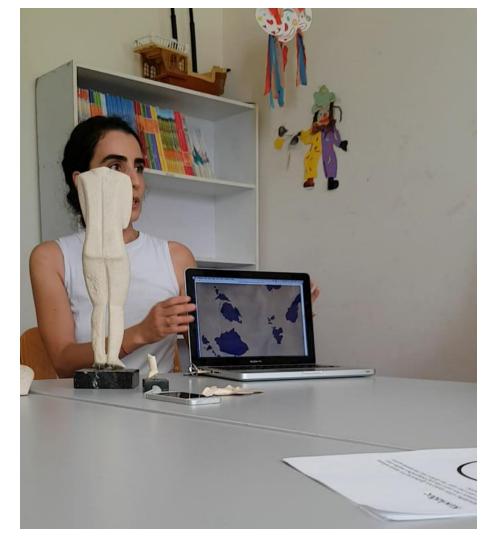
















The second meeting with the teachers of the School for the Blind

























Tactile water map



















Touching and discovering the marble figurines







Turning the pages of the book













The map of the Cyclades and the description in Braille writing







The map of the Cyclades and the description in typical writing







Πέτρες

Τα νησιά ξεχωρίζουν από την επιφάνεια της θάλασσας σαν γιγάντιες πέτρες. Στις Κυκλάδες συναντάμε σε αφθονία τα παρακάτω πετρώματα:

οψιανός: μαύρος, λείος, σκληρός.

ελαφρόπετρα: επιπλέει στο νερό γιατί έχει πολλές τρύπες με αέρα.

μάρμαρο: στις Κυκλάδες είναι λευκό.

σμύριδα: γκρι πέτρωμα, πολύ σκληρό, μπορεί να σπάει και να χαράζει τα άλλα πετρώματα.







Απτικός χάρτης νερού

Για να φτιάξουμε ένα τρισδιάστατο χάρτη των Κυκλάδων, τοποθετούμε διάφορες πέτρες μέσα σε ένα στρογγυλό ταψί το οποίο γεμίζουμε με νερό για να τις βρέχει μόνο μέχρι τη μέση.

Κεντημένος χάρτης

Αν βλέπαμε από πολύ ψηλά τα νησιά, σαν να πετούσαμε με αεροπλάνο, θα μπορούσαμε να καταλάβουμε ακριβώς το σχήμα τους. Στον κεντημένο χάρτη οι περιοχές που είναι κεντημένες με νήμα δείχνουν αυτά τα σχήματα. Όλο το υπόλοιπο είναι θάλασσα.







Embroidered map

Άνθρωπος

Οι αρχαίοι Κυκλαδίτες θαύμαζαν τη μητρότητα και τη γέννηση. Κατασκεύαζαν από μάρμαρο μικρά αγάλματα, που συνήθως ήταν γυναίκες που εγκυμονούσαν. Έφτιαχναν όμως και άλλες ανθρώπινες φιγούρες, ανδρικές, όπως κυνηγούς και μουσικούς, που σχετίζονταν με την καθημερινότητά τους.







Θραύσμα

Τα ειδώλια βρέθηκαν χιλιάδες χρόνια μετά την κατασκευή τους, μέσα στο χώμα, είτε ολόκληρα είτε σπασμένα σε κομμάτια, θραύσματα. Οι αρχαιολόγοι συνδυάζουν όλα τα κομμάτια και τις πληροφορίες που βρίσκουν για να μπορέσουν να αφηγηθούν την ιστορία του αρχαίου Κυκλαδικού Πολιτισμού.





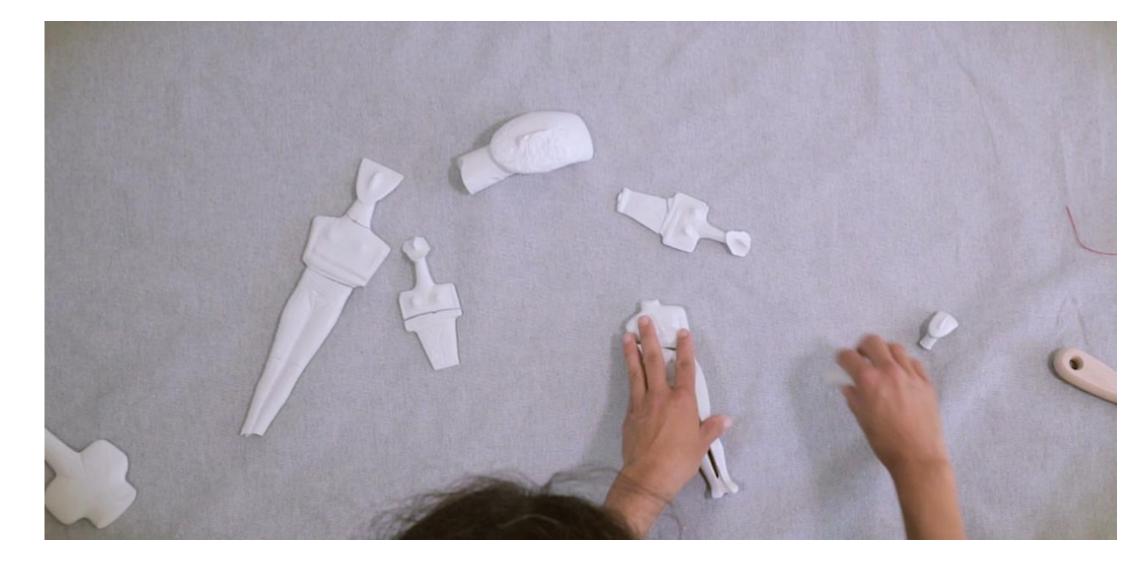








Removing small pieces from the foam-trying to understand the procedure of sculpting







Playing with the fragments

The Museum kit was designed for

- The School for the Blind in Athens
- The Museum of Cycladic Art as part of the educational programs











The multisensory museum kit



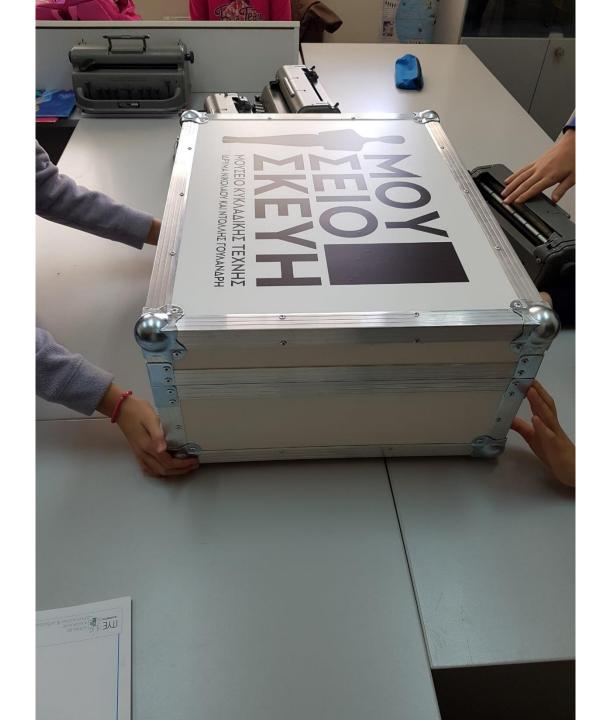




The Museum kit "travelled" at the The School for the Blind, Athens



















At the School for the blind































Awareness program for schools











The children were first invited to touch a typical map



The children closed their eyes trying to guess through touch their classmates











They placed an embroidered map on top of the typical one







They placed an embroidered map on top of the typical one







Using threads, they created different sea routes







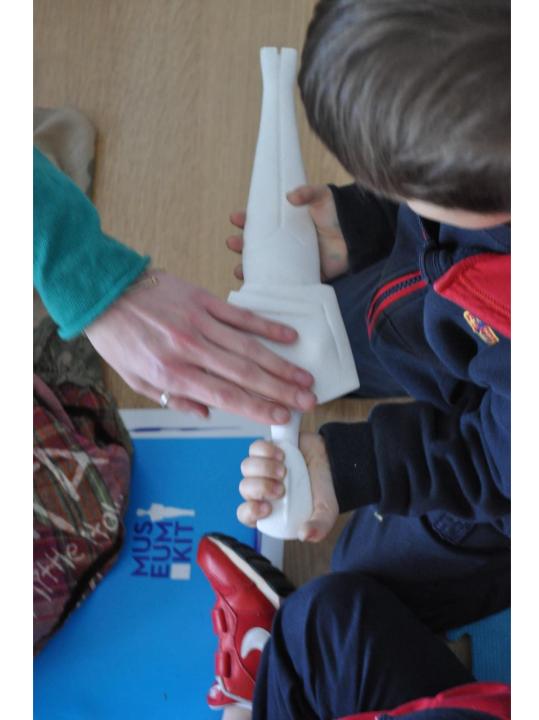
Using threads, they created different sea routes





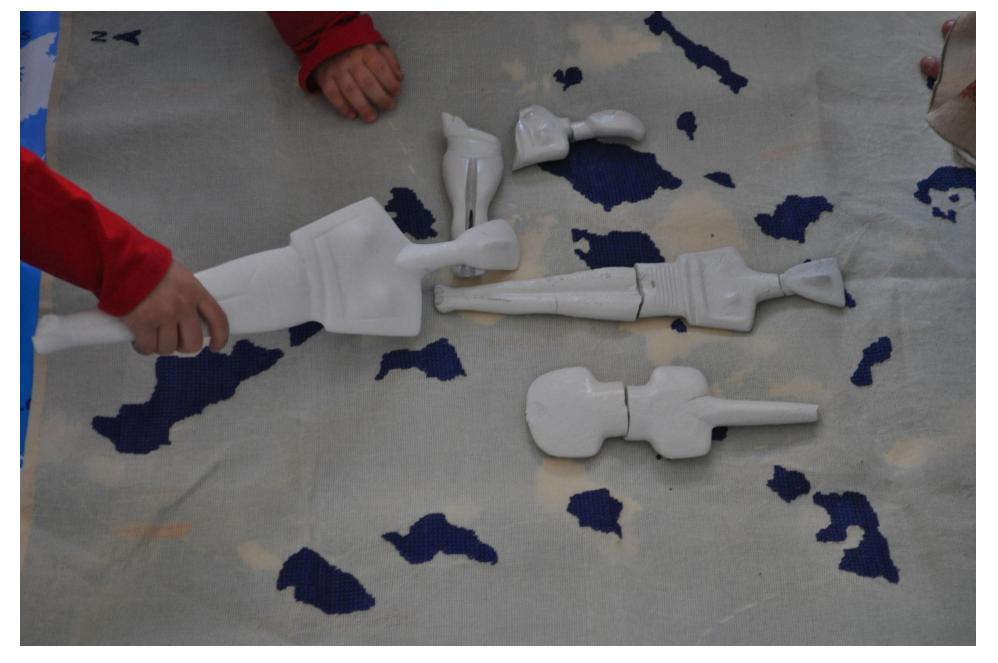


They tried to discover through touch different objects hidden in small bags





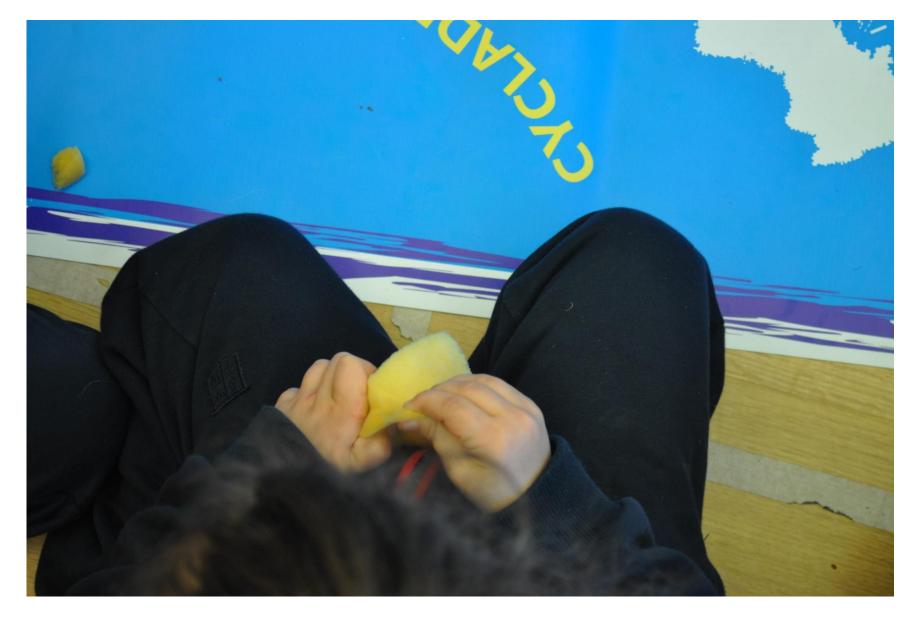








They put together the different pieces of the puzzle







They removed small pieces of foam to understand the procedure of sculpting

MUSEUM KIT VIDEO



Erasmus+ Towards a Multisensory and Inclusive Museum for Individuals with Sensory Disabilities (2019-2021)

Collaboration:

<u>University of Thessaly - Department of Special Education and</u>

Museum of Cycladic Art - Department of Educational and Community Programs In this program the activities designed by the Museum for people with visual impairment or total blindness and for people who are deaf and hard of hearing, aimed to make its collections accessible using technology.

The MCA chose to design activities in order to make accessible the Collection of Cycladic Art.



All the activities designed by the Education Department of the MCA aim to promote the understanding of the Cycladic Art Collection by persons with and without sensory disabilities. Access and accessibility are the core elements of the activities, and it is expected to help participants to deepen their understanding when it comes to Cycladic Art, through braille, subtitles (Greek and English) and sign languages (Greek and International).

















Towards the back of the room, two museum tours are showcased in sign language (English and international) on the same screen. On the right side of the screen, there are images of the exhibits presented in sign language by the HandsUp.

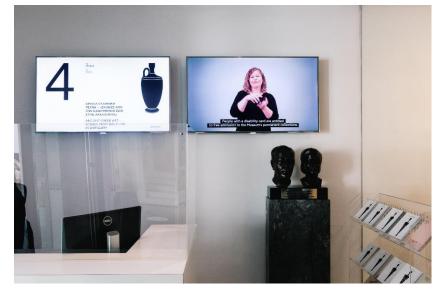




Available also on the website www.cycladic.gr
https://cycladic.gr/page/kikladiki-techni

A recorded tour in sign language





At the museum's entrance there is a video on-screen in Greek and international sign language, with Greek and English subtitles, respectively.

The video includes information on museum access (public transportation), tickets, museum collections as well as the rest of the museum facilities (cafe, shop etc.)





Available also on the website www.cycladic.gr https://cycladic.gr/page/epikinonia-prosvasi

Ancient Greek Art, A Story with Images







Φωτογραφία: Χάρης Ακριβιάδης

On the 2nd floor, by the entrance of the collection, there is a sign of the Clio Muse App. This app includes tours of museums and monuments in Greece and abroad.





ΕΦΑΡΜΟΓΗ ΞΕΝΑΓΗΣΗΣ ΣΤΑ HIGHLIGHTS ΤΩΝ ΜΟΝΙΜΩΝ ΣΥΛΛΟΓΩΝ

PERMANENT COLLECTIONS HIGHLIGHTS TOUR MOBILE APP

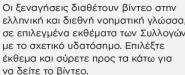


Σαρώστε τον κωδικό ταχείας απόκρισης (QR) με συσκευή smartphone ή tablet, έπειτα επιλέξτε την επιθυμητή γλώσσα και ακολουθήστε τις οδηγίες στην οθόνη.

Scan the QR code with smartphone or tablet device, then select the desired language and follow the instructions on the screen.

Στη συνέχεια, επιλέξτε την ξενάγηση της Συλλογής που επιθυμείτε και αναζητήστε τις αριθμημένες ενδείξεις στις λεζάντες των αντικειμένων. Select the Collection of your interest and look for the numbered marks on the items' description labels.

«Αρχαία Ελληνική Τέχνη» & «Κυπριακή Τέχνη»: Οι ξεναγήσεις διαθέτουν



"Ancient Greek Art" & "Cypriot Art":

The tours feature videos in Greek and International Sign language for selected exhibits, easily identified by the relevant watermark. Select exhibit and scroll down to watch the video.



«Σε επαφή με τον Κυκλαδικό πολιτισμό»: Η ξενάγηση διαθέτει ηχητική περιγραφή επιλεγμένων αντικειμένων σε Ελληνικά και Αγγλικά και προσφέρεται για άτομα με προβλήματα όρασης. Επιλέξτε έκθεμα και πατήστε "play" για να ακούσετε την περιγραφή.

"In touch with the Cycladic civilization": The tour features audio description in Greek and English language for selected exhibits and is offered for visually impaired people. Select exhibit and press the play button.









For cell phones







raised in an attitude of supplication are the commonest type of Mycenaean Chuier Coul?froit rytes virtualed religious are those representing animals (mostly bovines), which less frequent are models of chariots, oxcarts, riders, seated females etc. Mycenaean figurine modelling appeared around 1450 BC. almost concurrently with the building of the first palaces and the development of more complex social structures in mainland Greece. The origin of this art should be sought in Minoan tradition, since figurines were totally absent from the Greek mainland during the preceding Middle Helladic and early Late Helladic periods. Nonetheless, Mycenaean figurines soon achieved a high degree of stylistic uniformity and began to be used all over the Mycenaean world. Mycenaean figurines are found frequently in shrines and sanctuaries, houses and graves. Their symbolism was complex and their use probably varied according to circumstance. The femals figurines are shrip undersease. The zoomorphic figurines perhaps functioned as substitutes for blood sacrifices. As, however, such figurines are often found in children's graves, it is possible of the found in children's graves, it is possible of the found in children's graves, it is possible of the found in children's graves, it is possible of the found in children's graves, it is possible of the children's graves.



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Inside the room, the exhibits and sign 3, which correspond to the description and video in sign language













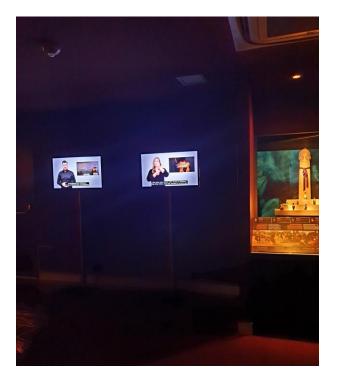
Educational
Exhibition on
Everyday Life in
Antiquity
4th floor









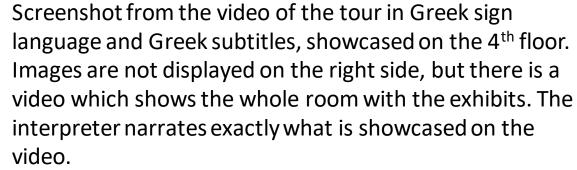






Two screens showcasing the tour of the exhibition "Everyday Life in Ancient Greece" in Greek sign language and international signs (with subtitles).









In touch with the Cycladic Civilization

A tactile and acoustic experience

For people with visual

impairments











A mobile showcase
A tactile and acoustic experience

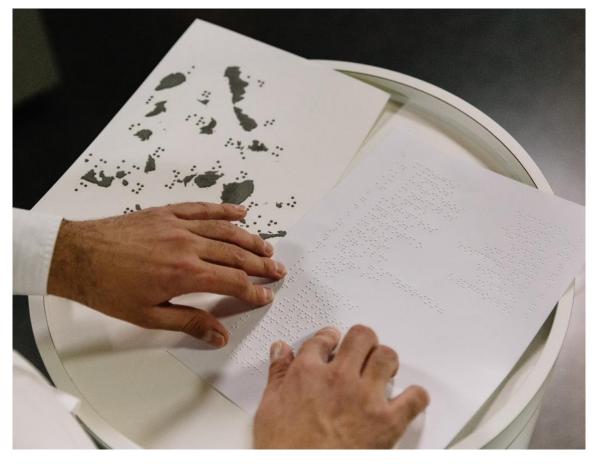






The floor plan in tactile form









The map of Greece and the map of Cyclades in tactile form





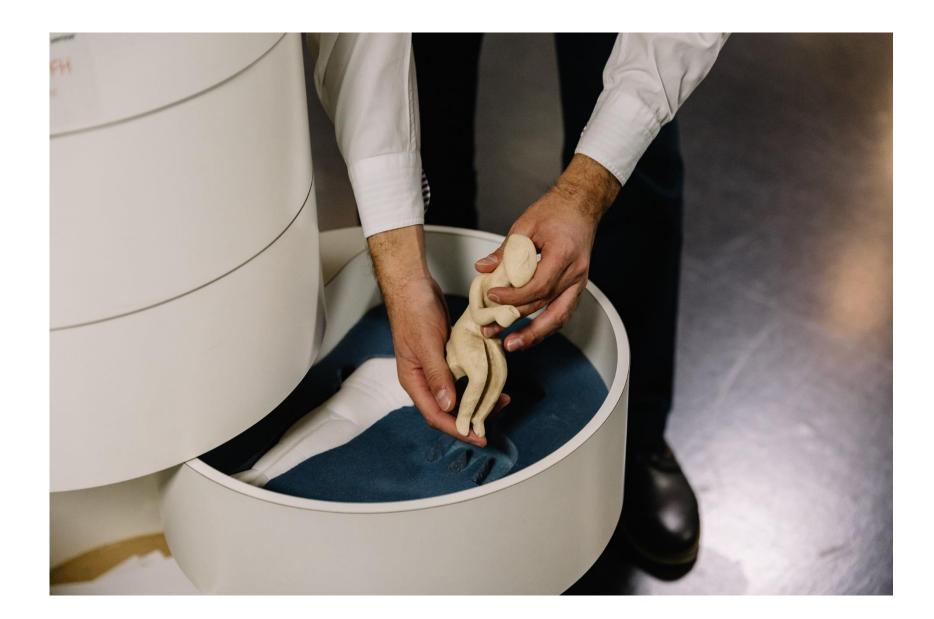








Touching the figurine



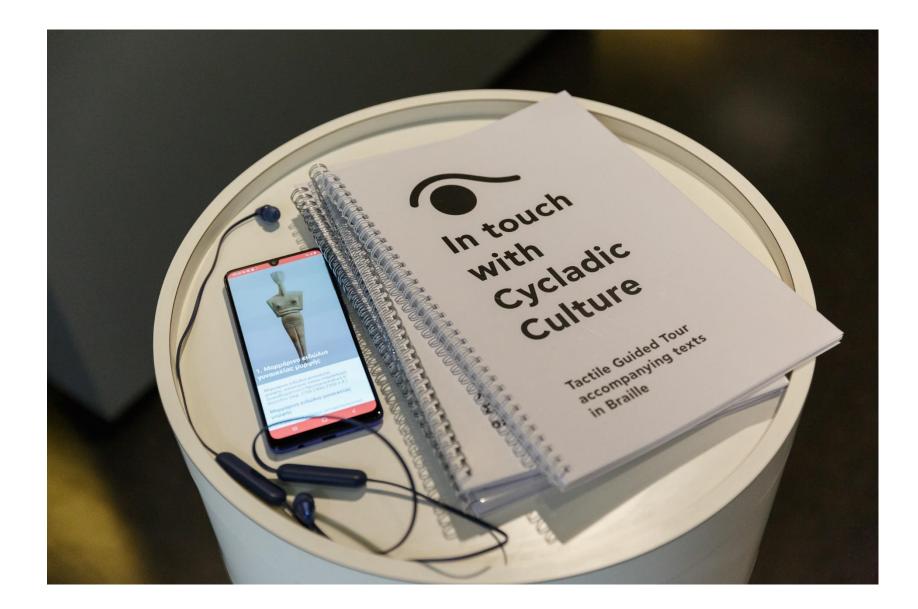














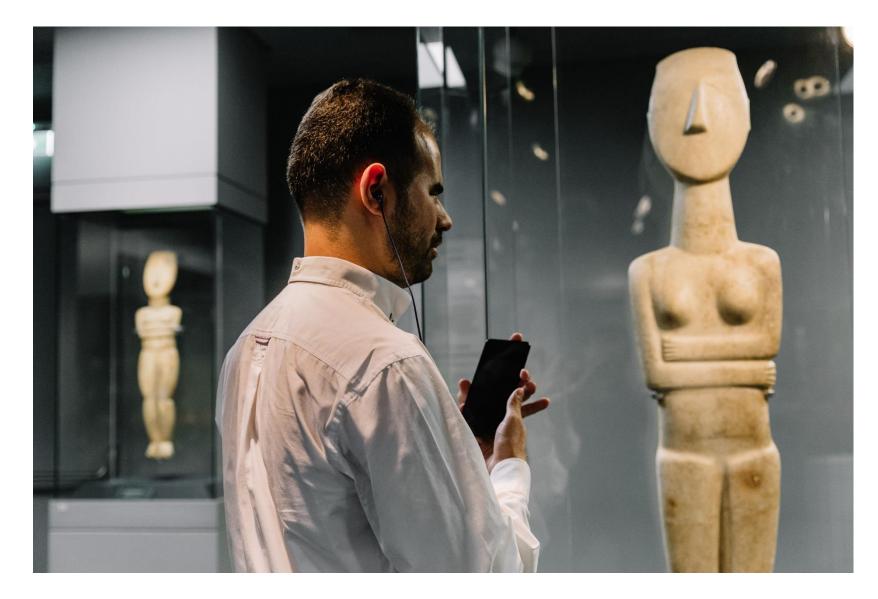








Texts in Braille







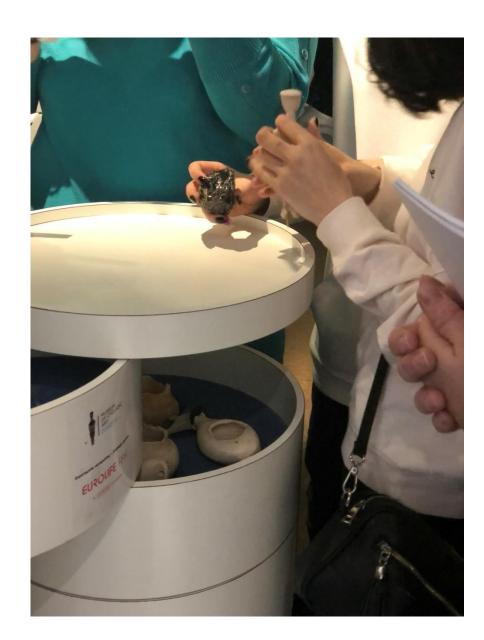
The audio experience







Focus group







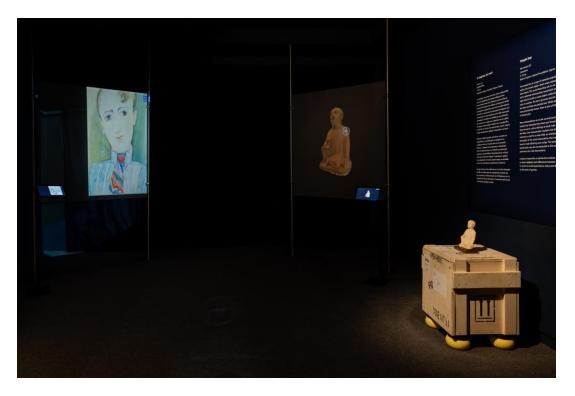


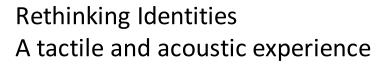






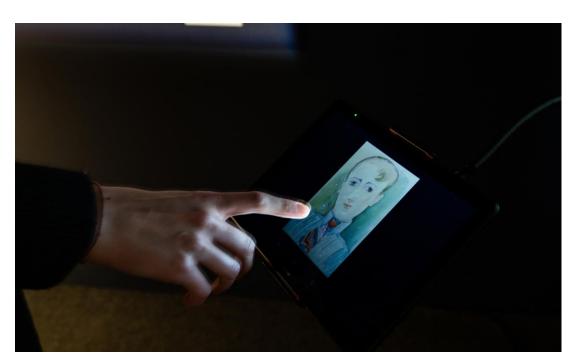
Rethinking Identities
Tour in sing language













Professionals and Institutions who collaborated:

- Universities and museums of Greece and other countries
- Scientists of different specialties, such as archaeologists, museum educators, special education teachers, visual artists, architects
- The Special School for the Blind
- People with visual impairment or total blindness
- Focus groups





The goals

- The opening of the museum to all social groups
- The inclusion of people with sensory disabilities in places, such as museums, that they might have hesitated or found no reason to visit
- Synergies (Universities, museums -different departments-, schools, various non profit agencies or associations, etc.)
- Awareness
- Sustainability





Se_epafi_video

Thank you





